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	ON FILE: 12/24/20 Real Property
	TITLERelates to eviction and foreclosure protections
$\mathbf{T} \mathbf{T} \mathbf{T} \mathbf{T} \mathbf{D} \mathbf{D} 1 4 4 1 1 1$	12/24/20 REFERRED TO HOUSING, CONSTRUCTION AND
foreclosure protections	COMMUNITY DEVELOPMENT
12/24/20 referred to judiciary	

RULES COM (Request of Dinowitz, Cymbrowitz, Heastie, Reyes, Richardson, Epstein, Gottfried, Lentol, Weinstein, Nolan, Abbate, Glick, Aubry, Cahill, Perry, Ortiz, Colton, Ramos, Benedetto, Jaffee, L. Rosenthal, DenDekker, Thiele, Bronson, Rodriguez, Simotas, Weprin, Quart, Kim, Mosley, Davila, Pichardo, Blake, Seawright, Simon, Hyndman, Carroll, De La Rosa, Niou, Vanel, Taylor, Cruz, Darling, Fernandez, Anderson, Burgos, Jacobson, Barnwell, Bichotte)

Establishes the COVID-19 Emergency Eviction and Foreclosure Prevention Act; relates to eviction proceedings (Part A); relates to foreclosure proceedings (Subpart A); relates to tax sales (Subpart B); establishes hardship declarations for owners of residential real property (Subpart C); authorizes every governing body of an assessing unit and local assessor to extend to the 2021 assessment roll, the renewal of the exemptions received on the 2020 assessment roll (Subpart D) (Part B).

STATE OF NEW YORK

11181

IN ASSEMBLY

December 24, 2020

- Introduced by COMMITTEE ON RULES -- (at request of M. of A. Dinowitz, Cymbrowitz, Heastie, Reyes, Richardson, Epstein, Gottfried, Lentol, Weinstein, Nolan, Abbate, Glick, Aubry, Cahill, Perry, Ortiz, Colton, Ramos, Benedetto, Jaffee, L. Rosenthal, DenDekker, Thiele, Bronson, Rodriguez, Simotas, Weprin, Quart, Kim, Mosley, Davila, Pichardo, Blake, Seawright, Simon, Hyndman, Carroll, De La Rosa, Niou, Vanel, Taylor, Cruz, Darling, Fernandez, Anderson) -- read once and referred to the Committee on Judiciary
- AN ACT establishing the "COVID-19 Emergency Eviction and Foreclosure Prevention Act of 2020"; in relation to eviction proceedings; and to provide for the expiration of certain provisions upon the expiration thereof (Part A); in relation to foreclosure proceedings; and providing for the expiration of certain provisions upon the expiration thereof (Subpart A); in relation to tax sales; and providing for the expiration of certain provisions upon the expiration thereof (Subpart B); to establish hardship declarations for owners of residential real property; and providing for the expiration of such provisions upon the expiration thereof (Subpart C); and to authorize every governing body of an assessing unit and local assessor to extend to the 2021 assessment roll, the renewal of the expiration of such provisions upon the expiration thereof (Subpart D) (Part B)

<u>The People of the State of New York, represented in Senate and Assembly, do enact as follows:</u>

1 Section 1. This act enacts into law components of legislation relating to eviction and foreclosure protections. Each component is wholly 2 3 contained within a Part identified as Parts A through B. The effective date for each particular provision contained within such Part is set 4 forth in the last section of such Part. Any provision in any section 5 contained within a Part, including the effective date of the Part, which 6 makes reference to a section "of this act", when used in connection with 7 that particular component, shall be deemed to mean and refer to the 8 corresponding section of the Part in which it is found. Section four of 9 this act sets forth the general effective date of this act. 10

EXPLANATION--Matter in <u>italics</u> (underscored) is new; matter in brackets [-] is old law to be omitted.

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§ 2. Short title. This act shall be known and may be cited as the "COVID-19 Emergency Eviction and Foreclosure Prevention Act of 2020".
§ 2. Logiclative intent. The Logiclature finds and declares all of the

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3 § 3. Legislative intent. The Legislature finds and declares all of the 4 following:

5 On March 7, 2020, Governor Andrew Cuomo proclaimed a state of emergen-6 cy in response to the Coronavirus disease (COVID-19) pandemic. Measures 7 necessary to contain the spread of COVID-19 have brought about wide-8 spread economic and societal disruption, placing the state of New York 9 in unprecedented circumstances.

10 COVID-19 presents a historic threat to public health. Hundreds of 11 thousands of residents are facing eviction or foreclosure due to neces-12 sary disease control measures that closed businesses and schools, and 13 triggered mass-unemployment across the state. The pandemic has further 14 interrupted court operations, the availability of counsel, the ability 15 for parties to pay for counsel, and the ability to safely commute and 16 enter a courtroom, settlement conference and the like.

Stabilizing the housing situation for tenants, landlords, and homeowners is to the mutual benefit of all New Yorkers and will help the state address the pandemic, protect public health, and set the stage for recovery. It is, therefore, the intent of this legislation to avoid as many evictions and foreclosures as possible for people experiencing a financial hardship during the COVID-19 pandemic or who cannot move due to an increased risk of severe illness or death from COVID-19.

As such, it is necessary to temporarily allow people impacted by COVID-19 to remain in their homes. A limited, temporary stay is necessary to protect the public health, safety and morals of the people the Legislature represents from the dangers of the COVID-19 emergency pandemic.

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PART A

30 Section 1. Definitions. For the purposes of this act: 1. "Eviction 31 proceeding" means a summary proceeding to recover possession of real 32 property under article seven of the real property actions and 33 proceedings law relating to a residential dwelling unit or any other 34 judicial or administrative proceeding to recover possession of real 35 property relating to a residential dwelling unit.

36 2. "Landlord" includes a landlord, owner of a residential property and 37 any other person with a legal right to pursue eviction, possessory 38 action or a money judgment for rent, including arrears, owed or that 39 becomes due during the COVID-19 covered period, as defined in section 1 40 of chapter 127 of the laws of 2020.

41 3. "Tenant" includes a residential tenant, lawful occupant of a dwell-42 ing unit, or any other person responsible for paying rent, use and occu-43 pancy, or any other financial obligation under a residential lease or 44 tenancy agreement, but does not include a residential tenant or lawful 45 occupant with a seasonal use lease where such tenant has a primary resi-46 dence to which to return to.

47 4. "Hardship declaration" means the following statement, or a substan-48 tially equivalent statement in the tenant's primary language, in 49 14-point type, published by the office of court administration, whether 50 in physical or electronic written form:

51 "NOTICE TO TENANT: If you have lost income or had increased costs 52 during the COVID-19 pandemic, or moving would pose a significant health 53 risk for you or a member of your household due to an increased risk for 54 severe illness or death from COVID-19 due to an underlying medical 1 condition, and you sign and deliver this hardship declaration form to 2 your landlord, you cannot be evicted until at least May 1, 2021 for 3 nonpayment of rent or for holding over after the expiration of your 4 lease. You may still be evicted for violating your lease by persistently 5 and unreasonably engaging in behavior that substantially infringes on 6 the use and enjoyment of other tenants or occupants or causes a substan-7 tial safety hazard to others.

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If your landlord has provided you with this form, your landlord must 8 also provide you with a mailing address and e-mail address to which you 9 can return this form. If your landlord has already started an eviction 10 proceeding against you, you can return this form to either your land-11 lord, the court, or both at any time. You should keep a copy or picture 12 of the signed form for your records. You will still owe any unpaid rent 13 to your landlord. You should also keep careful track of what you have 14 paid and any amount you still owe. 15

For more information about legal resources that may be available to you, go to www.nycourts.gov/evictions/nyc/ or call 718-557-1379 if you live in New York City or go to www.nycourts.gov/evictions/outside-nyc/ or call a local bar association or legal services provider if you live outside of New York City. Rent relief may be available to you, and you should contact your local housing assistance office.

22 TENANT'S DECLARATION OF HARDSHIP DURING THE COVID-19 PANDEMIC

I am a tenant, lawful occupant, or other person responsible for paying rent, use and occupancy, or any other financial obligation under a lease or tenancy agreement at (address of dwelling unit).

26 YOU MUST INDICATE BELOW YOUR QUALIFICATION FOR EVICTION PROTECTION BY 27 SELECTING OPTION "A" OR "B", OR BOTH.

28 A. () I am experiencing financial hardship, and I am unable to pay my 29 rent or other financial obligations under the lease in full or obtain 30 alternative suitable permanent housing because of one or more of the 31 following:

32 1. Significant loss of household income during the COVID-19 pandemic.

33 2. Increase in necessary out-of-pocket expenses related to performing 34 essential work or related to health impacts during the COVID-19 pandem-35 ic.

36 3. Childcare responsibilities or responsibilities to care for an 37 elderly, disabled, or sick family member during the COVID-19 pandemic 38 have negatively affected my ability or the ability of someone in my 39 household to obtain meaningful employment or earn income or increased my 40 necessary out-of-pocket expenses.

4. Moving expenses and difficulty I have securing alternative housing 42 make it a hardship for me to relocate to another residence during the 43 COVID-19 pandemic.

5. Other circumstances related to the COVID-19 pandemic have negatively affected my ability to obtain meaningful employment or earn income or have significantly reduced my household income or significantly received my expenses.

48 To the extent that I have lost household income or had increased 49 expenses, any public assistance, including unemployment insurance, 50 pandemic unemployment assistance, disability insurance, or paid family 51 leave, that I have received since the start of the COVID-19 pandemic 52 does not fully make up for my loss of household income or increased 53 expenses.

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B. () Vacating the premises and moving into new permanent housing would pose a significant health risk because I or one or more members of my household have an increased risk for severe illness or death from

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3 household have an increased risk for severe illness or death from 4 COVID-19 due to being over the age of sixty-five, having a disability or 5 having an underlying medical condition, which may include but is not 6 limited to being immunocompromised.

7 I understand that I must comply with all other lawful terms under mγ tenancy, lease agreement or similar contract. I further understand that 8 9 lawful fees, penalties or interest for not having paid rent in full or 10 met other financial obligations as required by my tenancy, lease agreement or similar contract may still be charged or collected and may 11 result in a monetary judgment against me. I further understand that my 12 landlord may be able to seek eviction after May 1, 2021, and that the 13 law may provide certain protections at that time that are separate from 14 those available through this declaration. 15

16 Signed:

17 Printed name:

18 Date signed:

19 NOTICE: You are signing and submitting this form under penalty of law.
20 That means it is against the law to make a statement on this form that
21 you know is false."

§ 2. Pending eviction proceedings. Any eviction proceeding pending on 22 23 the effective date of this act, including eviction proceedings filed on 24 or before March 7, 2020, or commenced within thirty days of the effec-25 tive date of this act shall be stayed for at least sixty days, or to 26 such later date that the chief administrative judge shall determine is 27 necessary to ensure that courts are prepared to conduct proceedings in compliance with this act and to give tenants an opportunity to submit 28 the hardship declaration pursuant to this act. The court in each case 29 shall promptly issue an order directing such stay and promptly mail the 30 respondent a copy of the hardship declaration in English, and, to the 31 extent practicable, the tenant's primary language, if other than 32 English. 33

§ 3. Pre-eviction notices. A landlord shall include a "Hardship Decla-34 35 ration" in 14-point type, with every written demand for rent made pursuant to subdivision 2 of section 711 of the real property actions and 36 37 proceedings law, with any other written notice required by the lease or tenancy agreement, law or rule to be provided prior to the commencement 38 39 of an eviction proceeding, and with every notice of petition served on a 40 tenant. If the translation of the hardship declaration in the tenant's 41 primary language is not available on the office of court adminis-42 tration's public website, as provided by section ten of this act, it shall be the landlord's responsibility to obtain a suitable translation 43 of the hardship declaration in the tenant's primary language. 44 Such 45 notice shall also include:

46 1. a mailing address, telephone number and active email address the 47 tenant can use to contact the landlord and return the hardship declara-48 tion; and

49 2. a list of all not-for-profit legal service providers actively 50 handling housing matters in the county where the subject premises are 51 located. Such lists shall be prepared and regularly updated, to the 52 extent practicable, for such purpose and published on the website of the 53 office of court administration.

§ 4. Prohibition on initiation of eviction proceeding. If there is no pending eviction proceeding and a tenant provides a hardship declaration to the landlord or an agent of the landlord, there shall be no initiation of an eviction proceeding against the tenant until at least May 1, 2021, and in such event any specific time limit for the commencement of an eviction proceeding shall be tolled until May 1, 2021.

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7 § 5. Required affidavit. 1. No court shall accept for filing any peti-8 tion or other filing to commence an eviction proceeding unless the petitioner or an agent of the petitioner files an affidavit of service, 9 under penalty of perjury, demonstrating the manner in which the peti-10 tioner or the petitioner's agent served a copy of the hardship declara-11 tion in English and the tenant's primary language, if other than 12 English, with any rent demand and with any other written notice required 13 by the lease or tenancy agreement, law or rule to be provided prior to 14 the commencement of an eviction proceeding, and an affidavit under 15 penalty of perjury: 16

a. attesting that at the time of filing, neither the petitioner nor
any agent of the petitioner has received a hardship declaration from the
respondent or any other tenant or occupant of the dwelling unit that is
the subject of the proceeding, or

b. attesting that the respondent or another tenant or occupant of the dwelling unit that is the subject of the proceeding has returned a hardship declaration, but the respondent is persistently and unreasonably engaging in behavior that substantially infringes on the use and enjoyment of other tenants or occupants or causes a substantial safety hazard to others, with a specific description of the behavior alleged.

2. Upon accepting a petition pursuant to article 7 of the real proper-27 28 ty actions and proceedings law, the attorney, judge or clerk of the court, as the case may be, shall determine whether a copy of the hard-29 ship declaration in English and the tenant's primary language, if other 30 than English, is annexed to the served notice of petition and, if not, 31 shall ensure that the hardship declaration is attached to such notice. 32 Service of the notice of petition with the attached hardship declaration 33 34 shall be made by personal delivery to the respondent, unless such 35 service cannot be made with due diligence, in which case service may be made under section 735 of the real property actions and proceedings law. 36 At the earliest possible opportunity, the court shall seek confirmation 37 on the record or in writing from the respondent that the respondent has 38 received the hardship declaration and that the respondent has not submitted a hardship declaration to the petitioner, an agent of the 39 40 petitioner, or the court. If the court determines a respondent has 41 not received a hardship declaration, then the court shall stay the proceed-42 43 ing for a reasonable period of time, which shall be no less than ten 44 business days or any longer period provided by law, and provide the respondent with a copy of the hardship declaration in English and the 45 respondent's primary language, if other than English, to ensure the 46 47 respondent received and fully considered whether to submit the hardship 48 declaration.

49 § 6. Pending proceedings. In any eviction proceeding in which an eviction warrant has not been issued, including eviction proceedings 50 51 filed on or before March 7, 2020, if the tenant provides a hardship 52 declaration to the petitioner, the court, or an agent of the petitioner or the court, the eviction proceeding shall be stayed until at least May 53 2021. If such hardship declaration is provided to the petitioner or 54 1, agent, such petitioner or agent shall promptly file it with the court, 55 advising the court in writing the index number of all relevant cases. 56

§ 7. Default judgments. No court shall issue a judgment in any 1 2 proceeding authorizing a warrant of eviction against a respondent who has defaulted, or authorize the enforcement of an eviction pursuant to a 3 default judgment, prior to May 1, 2021, without first holding a hearing 4 5 after the effective date of this act upon motion of the petitioner. The 6 petitioner or an agent of the petitioner shall file an affidavit attest-7 ing that the petitioner or the petitioner's agent has served notice of the date, time, and place of such hearing on the respondent, including a 8 copy of such notice. If a default judgment has been awarded prior to the 9 effective date of this act, the default judgment shall be removed and 10 the matter restored to the court calendar upon the respondent's written 11 or oral request to the court either before or during such hearing and an 12 order to show cause to vacate the default judgment shall not be 13 14 required.

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15 § 8. Post warrant of eviction. a. (i) In any eviction proceeding in which an eviction warrant has been issued prior to the effective date of 16 this act, but has not yet been executed as of the effective date of this 17 act, including eviction proceedings filed on or before March 7, 2020, 18 the court shall stay the execution of the warrant at least until the 19 20 court has held a status conference with the parties. (ii) In any 21 eviction proceeding, if the tenant provides a hardship declaration to 22 the petitioner, the court, or an agent of the petitioner or the court, prior to the execution of the warrant, the execution shall be stayed 23 until at least May 1, 2021. If such hardship declaration is provided to 24 the petitioner or agent of the petitioner, such petitioner or agent 25 shall promptly file it with the court, advising the court in writing the 26 index number of all relevant cases. 27

b. In any eviction proceeding in which a warrant has been issued,
including eviction proceedings filed on or before March 7, 2020, any
warrant issued shall not be effective as against the occupants, unless,
in addition to the requirements under section 749 of the real property
actions and proceedings law for warrants, such warrant states:

33 (i) The tenant has not submitted the hardship declaration and the 34 tenant was properly served with a copy of the hardship declaration 35 pursuant to this section, listing dates the tenant was served with the 36 hardship declaration by the petitioner and the court; or

(ii) The tenant is ineligible for a stay under this act because the court has found that the tenant is persistently and unreasonably engaging in behavior that substantially infringes on the use and enjoyment of other tenants or occupants or causes a substantial safety hazard to others, with a specific description of the behavior.

42 c. No court shall issue a warrant directed to the sheriff of the coun-43 ty or to any constable or marshal of the city in which the property, or 44 a portion thereof, is situated, or, if it is not situated in a city, to 45 any constable of any town in the county, that does not comply with the 46 requirements of this section.

47 d. No officer to whom the warrant is directed shall execute a warrant 48 for eviction issued that does not comply with the requirements of this 49 section.

50 e. Unless the warrant contains the information contained in paragraph 51 (ii) of subdivision b of this section, if any tenant delivers the 52 hardship declaration to the officer to whom the warrant is directed, the 53 officer shall not execute the warrant and shall return the hardship form 54 to the court indicating the appropriate index/case number the form is 55 associated with. § 9. Sections two, four, six and paragraph (ii) of subdivision a of section eight of this act shall not apply if the tenant is persistently and unreasonably engaging in behavior that substantially infringes on the use and enjoyment of other tenants or occupants or causes a substantial safety hazard to others, provided:

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6 1. If an eviction proceeding is pending on the effective date of this 7 act, but the petitioner has not previously alleged that the tenant 8 persistently and unreasonably engaged in such behavior, the petitioner 9 shall be required to submit a new petition with such allegations and 10 comply with all notice and service requirements under article 7 of the 11 real property actions and proceedings law and this act.

12 2. If the court has awarded a judgment against a respondent prior to 13 the effective date of this act on the basis of objectionable or nuisance 14 behavior, the court shall hold a hearing to determine whether the tenant 15 is continuing to persist in engaging in unreasonable behavior that 16 substantially infringes on the use and enjoyment of other tenants or 17 occupants or causes a substantial safety hazard to others.

18 3. For the purposes of this act, a mere allegation of the behavior by 19 the petitioner or an agent of the petitioner alleging such behavior 20 shall not be sufficient evidence to establish that the tenant has 21 engaged in such behavior.

4. If the petitioner fails to establish that the tenant persistently and unreasonably engaged in such behavior and the tenant provides or has provided a hardship declaration to the petitioner, petitioner's agent or the court, the court shall stay or continue to stay any further proceedings until at least May 1, 2021.

5. If the petitioner establishes that the tenant persistently and unreasonably engaged in such behavior or the tenant fails to provide a hardship declaration to the petitioner, petitioner's agent or the court, the proceeding may continue pursuant to article 7 of the real property actions and proceedings law and this act.

§ 10. Translation of hardship declaration. The office of court admin-32 istration shall translate the hardship declaration, as defined in 33 section one of this act, into Spanish and the six most common languages 34 in the city of New York, after Spanish, and shall post and maintain such 35 translations and an English language copy of the hardship declaration on 36 the website of such office beginning within fifteen days of the effec-37 tive date of this act. To the extent practicable, the office of court 38 administration shall post and maintain on its website translations into 39 40 such additional languages as the chief administrative judge shall deem appropriate to ensure that tenants have an opportunity to understand and 41 submit hardship declarations pursuant to this act. 42

43 ş 11. Rebuttable presumption. A hardship declaration in which the 44 tenant has selected the option indicating a financial hardship shall create a rebuttable presumption that the tenant is experiencing finan-45 cial hardship, in any judicial or administrative proceeding that may be 46 brought, for the purposes of establishing a defense under chapter 127 of 47 the laws of 2020, an executive order of the governor or any other local 48 or state law, order or regulation restricting the eviction of a tenant 49 50 suffering from a financial hardship during or due to COVID-19 provided 51 that the absence of a hardship declaration shall not create a presumption that a financial hardship is not present. 52

§ 12. If any clause, sentence, paragraph, section or part of this act shall be adjudged by any court of competent jurisdiction to be invalid and after exhaustion of all further judicial review, the judgment shall not affect, impair or invalidate the remainder thereof, but shall be

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1 confined in its operation to the clause, sentence, paragraph, section or 2 part of this act directly involved in the controversy in which the judg-3 ment shall have been rendered.

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§ 13. This act shall take effect immediately and sections one, two,
5 three, four, five, six, seven, eight, nine, ten and twelve of this act
6 shall expire May 1, 2021.

PART B

8 Section 1. This Part enacts into law components of legislation relat-9 ing to mortgage foreclosure, tax foreclosure, credit discrimination and 10 tax renewal exemption protections. Each component is wholly contained within a Subpart identified as Subparts A through D. The effective date 11 for each particular provision contained within such Subpart is set forth 12 in the last section of such Subpart. Any provision in any section 13 contained within a Subpart, including the effective date of the Subpart, 14 which makes reference to a section "of this act", when used in connection with that particular component, shall be deemed to mean and 15 16 refer to the corresponding section of the Subpart in which it is found. 17 Section three of this Part sets forth the general effective date of this 18 19 Part.

SUBPART A

21 Section 1. Application. This section shall apply to any action to 22 foreclose a mortgage relating to residential real property, provided the owner or mortgagor of such property is a natural person, regardless of 23 24 how title is held, and owns ten or fewer dwelling units whether directly 25 or indirectly. The ten or fewer dwelling units may be in more than one 26 property or building as long as the total aggregate number of ten units 27 includes the primary residence of the natural person requesting such relief and the remaining units are currently occupied by a tenant or are 28 29 available for rent.

30 (a) For purposes of this act, real property shall include shares 31 assigned to a unit in a residential cooperative.

32 (b) For purposes of this act, real property shall not include property 33 that is vacant and abandoned, as defined in subdivision 2 of section 34 1309 of the real property actions and proceedings law, which was listed 35 on the statewide vacant and abandoned property electronic registry, as 36 defined in section 1310 of the real property actions and proceedings 37 law, prior to March 7, 2020 and that remains on such registry.

Notwithstanding anything to the contrary, this act shall not apply to, and does not affect any mortgage loans made, insured, purchased or securitized by a corporate governmental agency of the state constituted as a political subdivision and public benefit corporation, or the rights and obligations of any lender, issuer, servicer or trustee of such obligations.

§ 2. Definitions. For the purposes of this act, "Hardship Declaration" means the following statement, or a substantially equivalent statement in the mortagor's primary language, in 14-point type, published by the office of court administration, whether in physical or electronic written form:

49 "NOTICE TO MORTGAGOR: If you have lost income or had increased costs 50 during the COVID-19 pandemic, and you sign and deliver this hardship 51 declaration form to your mortgage lender or other foreclosing party, you 52 cannot be foreclosed on until at least May 1, 2021.

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If your mortgage lender or other foreclosing party provided you with 1 this form, the mortgage lender or other foreclosing party must also 2 provide you with a mailing address and e-mail address to which you can 3 return this form. If you are already in foreclosure proceedings, you may 4 5 return this form to the court. You should keep a copy or picture of the 6 signed form for your records. You will still owe any unpaid mortgage payments and lawful fees to your lender. You should also keep careful 7 track of what you have paid and any amount you still owe. 8 9 MORTGAGOR'S DECLARATION OF COVID-19-RELATED HARDSHIP 10 I am the mortgagor of the property at (address of dwelling unit). Including my primary residence, I own, whether directly or indirectly, 11 ten or fewer residential dwelling units. I am experiencing financial 12 hardship, and I am unable to pay my mortgage in full because of one or 13 more of the following: 14 15 1. Significant loss of household income during the COVID-19 pandemic. 2. Increase in necessary out-of-pocket expenses related to performing 16 17 essential work or related to health impacts during the COVID-19 pandem-18 ic. 19 3. Childcare responsibilities or responsibilities to care for an 20 elderly, disabled, or sick family member during the COVID-19 pandemic have negatively affected my ability or the ability of someone in my 21 household to obtain meaningful employment or earn income or increased my 22 23 necessary out-of-pocket expenses. 4. Moving expenses and difficulty I have securing alternative housing 24 25 make it a hardship for me to relocate to another residence during the 26 COVID-19 pandemic. 5. Other circumstances related to the COVID-19 pandemic have negative-27 28 ly affected my ability to obtain meaningful employment or earn income or 29 have significantly reduced my household income or significantly increased my expenses. 30 6. One or more of my tenants has defaulted on a significant amount of 31 their rent payments since March 1, 2020. 32 To the extent I have lost household income or had increased expenses, 33 34 any public assistance, including unemployment insurance, pandemic unemployment assistance, disability insurance, or paid family leave, that I 35 have received since the start of the COVID-19 pandemic does not fully 36 make up for my loss of household income or increased expenses. 37 I understand that I must comply with all other lawful terms under my 38 mortgage agreement. I further understand that lawful fees, penalties or 39 40 interest for not having paid my mortgage in full as required by my mortgage agreement may still be charged or collected and may result in a 41 monetary judgment against me. I also understand that my mortgage lender 42 43 or other foreclosing party may pursue a foreclosure action against me on 44 or after May 1, 2021, if I do not fully repay any missed or partial payments and lawful fees. 45 Signed: 46 Printed Name: 47 Date Signed: 48 49 NOTICE: You are signing and submitting this form under penalty of law. 50 That means it is against the law to make a statement on this form that 51 you know is false." 52 § 3. Any action to foreclose a mortgage pending on the effective date of this act, including actions filed on or before March 7, 2020, or 53 commenced within thirty days of the effective date of this act shall be 54 stayed for at least sixty days, or to such later date that the chief 55 administrative judge shall determine is necessary to ensure that courts 56

1 are prepared to conduct proceedings in compliance with this act and to 2 give mortgagors an opportunity to submit the hardship declaration pursu-3 ant to this act. The court in each case shall promptly issue an order 4 directing such stay and promptly mail the mortgagor a copy of the hard-5 ship declaration in English, and, to the extent practicable, the 6 mortgagor's primary language, if other than English.

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7 § 4. The foreclosing party shall include a "Hardship Declaration" in 14-point type, with every notice provided to a mortgagor pursuant to 8 sections 1303 and 1304 of the real property actions and proceedings law. 9 If the translation of the hardship declaration in the mortgagor's prima-10 ry language is not available on the office of court administration's 11 public website, as provided by section nine of this act, it shall be the 12 13 foreclosing party's responsibility to obtain a suitable translation of the hardship declaration in the mortgagor's primary language. Such 14 notice shall also include a mailing address, telephone number and active 15 email address the mortgagor can use to contact the foreclosing party and 16 17 return the hardship declaration.

18 § 5. If a mortgagor provides a hardship declaration to the foreclosing 19 party or an agent of the foreclosing party, there shall be no initiation 20 of an action to foreclose a mortgage against the mortgagor until at 21 least May 1, 2021, and in such event any specific time limit for the 22 commencement of an action to foreclose a mortgage shall be tolled until 23 May 1, 2021.

§ 6. No court shall accept for filing any action to foreclose a mortgage unless the foreclosing party or an agent of the foreclosing party files an affidavit, under penalty of perjury:

(i) of service demonstrating the manner in which the foreclosing party's agent served a copy of the hardship declaration in English and the mortgagor's primary language, if other than English, with the notice, if any, provided to the mortgagor pursuant to sections 1303 and 1304 of the real property actions and proceedings law, and

32 (ii) attesting that at the time of filing, neither the foreclosing 33 party nor any agent of the foreclosing party has received a hardship 34 declaration from the mortgagor.

At the earliest possible opportunity, the court shall seek confirma-35 36 tion on the record or in writing that the mortgagor has received a copy of the hardship declaration and that the mortgagor has not returned the 37 hardship declaration to the foreclosing party or an agent of the fore-38 closing party. If the court determines a mortgagor has not received a 39 40 hardship declaration, then the court shall stay the proceeding for a reasonable period of time, which shall be no less than ten business days 41 or any longer period provided by law, to ensure the mortgagor received 42 43 and fully considered whether to submit the hardship declaration.

44 § 7. In any action to foreclose a mortgage in which a judgment of sale has not been issued, including actions filed on or before March 7, 2020, 45 if the mortgagor provides a hardship declaration to the foreclosing 46 party, the court, or an agent of the foreclosing party or the court, the 47 proceeding shall be stayed until at least May 1, 2021. If such hardship 48 49 declaration is provided to the foreclosing party or agent of the fore-50 closing party, such foreclosing party or agent shall promptly file it 51 with the court, advising the court in writing the index number of all 52 relevant cases.

§ 8. In any action to foreclose a mortgage in which a judgment of sale has been issued prior to the effective date of this act but has not yet been executed as of the effective date of this act, including actions filed on or before March 7, 2020, the court shall stay the execution of

the judgment at least until the court has held a status conference with 1 2 the parties. In any action to foreclose a mortgage, if the mortgagor provides a hardship declaration to the foreclosing party, the court, or 3 4 an agent of the foreclosing party or the court, prior to the execution 5 of the judgment, the execution shall be stayed until at least May 1, 6 2021. If such hardship declaration is provided to the foreclosing party 7 or agent of the foreclosing party, such foreclosing party or agent shall promptly file it with the court, advising the court in writing the index 8 number of all relevant cases. 9

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10 § 9. The office of court administration shall translate the hardship 11 declaration, as defined in section one of this act, into Spanish and the 12 six most common languages in the city of New York, after Spanish, and 13 shall post and maintain such translations and an English language copy 14 of the hardship declaration on the website of such office beginning 15 within fifteen days of the effective date of this act.

§ 10. A hardship declaration shall create a rebuttable presumption 16 that the mortgagor is suffering financial hardship, in any judicial or 17 administrative proceeding that may be brought, for the purposes of 18 establishing a defense under an executive order of the governor or any 19 other local or state law, order or regulation restricting actions to 20 21 foreclose a mortgage against a mortgagor suffering from a financial 22 hardship during or due to the COVID-19 pandemic provided that the absence of a hardship declaration shall not create a presumption that a 23 financial hardship is not present. 24

§ 11. If any clause, sentence, paragraph, section or part of this act shall be adjudged by any court of competent jurisdiction to be invalid and after exhaustion of all further judicial review, the judgment shall not affect, impair or invalidate the remainder thereof, but shall be confined in its operation to the clause, sentence, paragraph, section or part of this act directly involved in the controversy in which the judgment shall have been rendered.

32 § 12. This act shall take effect immediately and sections one, two, 33 three, four, five, six, seven, eight, nine and eleven of this act shall 34 expire May 1, 2021.

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SUBPART B

36 Section 1. Application. This act shall apply to any action to foreclose on delinquent taxes or sell a tax lien relating to residential 37 real property, provided the owner or mortgagor of such property is a 38 natural person, regardless of how title is held, and owns ten or fewer 39 dwelling units whether directly or indirectly. The ten or fewer dwelling 40 units may be in more than one property or building as long as the total 41 42 aggregate number of ten units includes the primary residence of the natural person requesting such relief and the remaining units are 43 currently occupied by a tenant or are available for rent. 44

45 (a) For purposes of this act, real property shall include shares in a 46 residential cooperative.

47 (b) For purposes of this act, real property shall not include property 48 that is vacant and abandoned, as defined in subdivision 2 of section 49 1309 of the real property actions and proceedings law, which was listed 50 on the statewide vacant and abandoned property electronic registry, as 51 defined in section 1310 of the real property actions and proceedings 52 law, prior to March 7, 2020 and that remains on such registry.

53 § 2. Definitions. For purposes of this act: 1. "Tax lien" means an 54 unpaid tax, special ad valorem levy, special assessment or other charge

Legislative Information - LBDC A. 11181 12 imposed upon real property by or on behalf of a municipal corporation or 1 2 special district or other public or private entity which is an encumbrance on real property, whether or not evidenced by a written instru-3 4 ment. "Tax foreclosure and tax lien sale" shall mean any such tax lien 5 2. 6 sale or tax foreclosure pursuant to article 11 of the real property tax 7 law, or any general, special or local law related to real property tax 8 lien sales or real property tax foreclosures. 3. "Hardship Declaration" means the following statement, or a substan-9 tially equivalent statement in the owner's primary language, in 14-point 10 type, whether in physical or electronic written form: 11 "OWNER DECLARATION OF COVID-19-RELATED HARDSHIP 12 I am the owner of the property at (address). 13 Including my primary residence, I own, whether directly or indirectly, ten or fewer residen-14 tial dwelling units. I am experiencing financial hardship, and I am 15 unable to pay my full tax bill because of one or more of the following: 16 1. Significant loss of household income during the COVID-19 pandemic. 17 2. Increase in necessary out-of-pocket expenses related to performing 18 essential work or related to health impacts during the COVID-19 pandem-19 20 ic. 21 3. Childcare responsibilities or responsibilities to care for an elderly, disabled, or sick family member during the COVID-19 pandemic 22 have negatively affected my ability or the ability of someone in my 23 household to obtain meaningful employment or earn income or increased my 24 25 necessary out-of-pocket expenses. 4. Moving expenses and difficulty I have securing alternative housing 26 make it a hardship for me to relocate to another residence during the 27 28 COVID-19 pandemic. 29 5. Other circumstances related to the COVID-19 pandemic have negative-30 ly affected my ability to obtain meaningful employment or earn income or have significantly reduced my household income or significantly 31 increased my expenses. 32 33 6. One or more of my tenants has defaulted on a significant amount of 34 their rent payments since March 1, 2020. To the extent that I have lost household income or had increased 35 36 expenses, any public assistance, including unemployment insurance, pandemic unemployment assistance, disability insurance, or paid family 37 leave, that I have received since the start of the COVID-19 pandemic 38 does not fully make up for my loss of household income or increased 39 40 expenses. I understand that lawful fees, penalties or interest for not having 41 42 paid my taxes in full may still be charged or collected and may result in a foreclosure action against me on or after May 1, 2021, if I do not 43 44 fully repay any missed or partial payments and fees. Signed: 45 Printed Name: 46 Date Signed: 47 NOTICE: You are signing and submitting this form under penalty of law. 48 49 That means it is against the law to make a statement on this form that you know is false." 50 51 § 3. 1. A real property owner may submit a "Hardship Declaration" to 52 any village, town, city, school district, county, or other entity or person which conducts tax foreclosures or tax lien sales. 53 2. At least thirty days prior to the date on which a sale of a tax 54 lien is scheduled to occur, or upon the filing of a petition of foreclo-55 sure of a tax lien, the enforcing officer or other person or entity 56

conducting such tax lien sale or tax foreclosure shall notify the owner 1 2 of the affected property of such owner's rights under this act and shall notify the owner that a copy of the hardship declaration can be accessed 3 on the New York State Department of Tax and Finance's website and also 4 5 provide a link to such declaration form. For the purposes of this act, 6 "enforcing officer" shall have the same meaning as defined in subdivi-7 sion 3 of section 1102 of the real property tax law. The New York State Department of Tax and Finance shall publish a copy of the hardship 8 declaration on its website. 9

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10 3. The submission of such a declaration, unless withdrawn by the 11 owner, shall act as a temporary stay applicable to all entities and 12 persons of all such tax lien sales and tax foreclosure actions and 13 proceedings against such owner for such property that have been 14 commenced or could have been commenced before May 1, 2021.

4. While such stay is in effect, no other action or proceeding shallbe commenced to recover any part of such delinquent taxes.

17 5. Any applicable statutes of limitation for the commencement of any 18 action or proceeding to sell a tax lien or foreclose a tax lien is 19 tolled until such stay has expired. The obligation to pay the balance of 20 such delinquent taxes is not rendered invalid, released or extinguished 21 by such stay.

6. A hardship declaration shall create a rebuttable presumption that the owner is experiencing financial hardship, in any judicial or administrative proceeding that may be brought, for the purposes of establishing a defense under an executive order of the governor or any other local or state law, order or regulation restricting actions to sell a tax lien or foreclose a tax lien against an owner suffering from a financial hardship during or due to the COVID-19 pandemic, provided that the absence of a hardship declaration shall not create a presumpion that a financial hardship is not present.

31 § 4. This act shall take effect immediately and sections one and two 32 and subdivisions one, two, three, four and five of section three shall 33 expire May 1, 2021.

SUBPART C

Section 1. Application. 1. This act shall apply to an owner of resi-35 dential real property, provided the owner or mortgagor of such property 36 is a natural person, regardless of how title is held, and owns ten or 37 fewer dwelling units whether directly or indirectly. The ten or fewer 38 dwelling units may be in more than one property or building as long as 39 the total aggregate number of ten units includes the primary residence 40 41 of the natural person requesting such relief and the remaining units are 42 currently occupied by a tenant or are available for rent.

43 (a) For purposes of this act, real property shall include shares in a 44 residential cooperative.

(b) For purposes of this act, real property shall not include property that is vacant and abandoned, as defined in subdivision 2 of section 1309 of the real property actions and proceedings law, which was listed on the statewide vacant and abandoned property electronic registry, as defined in section 1310 of the real property actions and proceedings law, prior to March 7, 2020 and that remains on such registry.

51 2. Hardship declaration. For purposes of this act, "hardship declara-52 tion" shall mean the following statement, or a substantially equivalent 53 statement in the owner or mortgagor's primary language, in 14-point 54 type, whether in physical or electronic written form, and the department

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of financial services shall publish a copy of the hardship declaration 1 2 on its website: "NOTICE TO OWNER/MORTGAGOR: If you have lost income or had increased 3 costs due to the COVID-19 pandemic, and you sign and deliver this hard-4 ship declaration form to your lending institution, you cannot be 5 6 discriminated against in the determination of whether credit should be 7 extended or reported negatively to a credit reporting agency until at least May 1, 2021. 8 If a lending institution provided you with this form, the lending 9 institution must also provide you with a mailing address and e-mail 10 address to which you can return this form. You should keep a copy or 11 picture of the signed form for your records. 12 OWNER/MORTGAGOR DECLARATION OF COVID-19-RELATED HARDSHIP 13 I am the OWNER/MORTGAGOR of the property at (address of dwelling 14 unit). Including my primary residence, I own, whether directly or indi-15 rectly, ten or fewer residential dwelling units. I am experiencing 16 17 financial hardship, and I am unable to pay my mortgage in full because of one or more of the following: 18 19 1. Significant loss of household income during the COVID-19 pandemic. 20 2. Increase in necessary out-of-pocket expenses related to performing 21 essential work or related to health impacts during the COVID-19 pandem-22 ic. 3. Childcare responsibilities or responsibilities to care for an 23 elderly, disabled, or sick family member during the COVID-19 pandemic 24 have negatively affected my ability or the ability of someone in 25 mγ household to obtain meaningful employment or earn income or increased my 26 necessary out-of-pocket expenses. 27 28 4. Moving expenses and difficulty I have securing alternative housing 29 make it a hardship for me to relocate to another residence during the 30 COVID-19 pandemic. 5. Other circumstances related to the COVID-19 pandemic have negative-31 ly affected my ability to obtain meaningful employment or earn income or 32 significantly reduced my household income or significantly 33 have 34 increased my expenses. 6. One or more of my tenants has defaulted on a significant amount of 35 36 their rent payments since March 1, 2020. To the extent that I have lost household income or had increased 37 expenses, any public assistance, including unemployment insurance, 38 pandemic unemployment assistance, disability insurance, or paid family 39 leave, that I have received since the start of the COVID-19 pandemic 40 does not fully make up for my loss of household income or increased 41 42 expenses. 43 Signed: 44 Printed Name: 45 Date Signed: NOTICE: You are signing and submitting this form under penalty of law. 46 That means it is against the law to make a statement on this form that 47 you know is false." 48 3. Discrimination in credit decisions. Notwithstanding any law to the 49 50 contrary, lending institutions shall not discriminate in the determi-51 nation of whether credit should be extended to any owner of residential 52 real property as defined in subdivision one of this section because, as provided for in this act, such owner has been granted a stay of mortgage 53 foreclosure proceedings, tax foreclosure proceedings or of tax lien 54 sales, or that an owner of residential real property as defined in 55

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1 subdivision one of this section is currently in arrears and has filed a 2 hardship declaration with such lender.

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4. Prohibition on negative credit reporting. Notwithstanding any law to the contrary, as provided for in this act, the granting of a stay of mortgage foreclosure proceedings, tax foreclosure proceedings or tax lien sales, or that an owner of residential real property as defined in subdivision one of this section is currently in arrears and has filed a hardship declaration with their lender shall not be negatively reported to any credit reporting agency.

10 § 2. This act take effect immediately and shall expire May 1, 2021.

SUBPART D

12 Section 1. Notwithstanding any other provision of law, in the interest of the health and safety of the public due to the novel coronavirus, 13 COVID-19 pandemic, every governing body of an assessing unit and local 14 assessor shall extend to the 2021 assessment roll, the renewal of the 15 exemptions received on the 2020 assessment roll pursuant to sections 467 16 17 and 459-c of the real property tax law, relating to persons age sixtyfive and older and for certain persons with disabilities and limited 18 19 income, and no renewal application shall be required of any eligible recipient who received either exemption on the 2020 assessment roll in 20 order for such eligible recipient to continue receiving such exemption 21 at the same amount received on the 2020 assessment roll, except as here-22 23 in provided. Provided however, that the local assessor shall make available renewal applications through postal mail or electronic means in 24 25 order for eligible recipients to file renewal applications in the event 26 that such eligible recipient determines his or her income has changed in 27 a manner that would grant him or her a greater exemption than what was 28 present on the 2020 assessment roll; and provided further that such governing body may adopt a local law or resolution which includes proce-29 dures by which the assessor may require a renewal application to be 30 filed when he or she has reason to believe that an owner who qualified 31 for the exemption on the 2020 assessment roll may have since changed his 32 or her primary residence, added another owner to the deed, transferred 33 34 the property to a new owner, or died; and provided further that no governing body of an assessing unit or local assessor may require eligi-35 ble recipients to appear in person to file a renewal application for any 36 37 reason.

38 § 2. This act shall take effect immediately and shall expire May 1, 39 2021. This act shall be deemed to have been in full force and effect on 40 and after March 7, 2020.

§ 2. Severability clause. If any clause, sentence, paragraph, subdivi-41 42 sion, section, item, subpart or part of this act shall be adjudged by any court of competent jurisdiction to be invalid, such judgment shall 43 not affect, impair, or invalidate the remainder thereof, but shall be 44 confined in its operation to the clause, sentence, paragraph, subdivi-45 sion, section, item, subpart or part thereof directly involved in the 46 47 controversy in which such judgment shall have been rendered. It is hereby declared to be the intent of the legislature that this act would have 48 49 been enacted even if such invalid provisions had not been included here-50 in.

§ 3. This act shall take effect immediately provided, however, that the applicable effective date of Subparts A through D of this act shall be as specifically set forth in the last section of such Subparts.

§ 4. Severability clause. If any clause, sentence, paragraph, subdivi-1 sion, section or part of this act shall be adjudged by any court of 2 competent jurisdiction to be invalid, such judgment shall not affect, 3 impair, or invalidate the remainder thereof, but shall be confined in 4 its operation to the clause, sentence, paragraph, subdivision, section 5 or part thereof directly involved in the controversy in which such judg-6 7 ment shall have been rendered. It is hereby declared to be the intent of the legislature that this act would have been enacted even if such 8 invalid provisions had not been included herein. 9

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10 § 5. This act shall take effect immediately provided, however, that 11 the applicable effective date of Parts A through B of this act shall be 12 as specifically set forth in the last section of such Parts.

NEW YORK STATE ASSEMBLY MEMORANDUM IN SUPPORT OF LEGISLATION submitted in accordance with Assembly Rule III, Sec 1(f)

BILL NUMBER: A11181

SPONSOR: Rules (Dinowitz)

TITLE OF BILL:

An act establishing the "COVID-19 Emergency Eviction and Foreclosure Prevention Act of 2020"; in relation to eviction proceedings; and to provide for the expiration of certain provisions upon the expiration thereof (Part A); in relation to foreclosure proceedings; and providing for the expiration of certain provisions upon the expiration thereof (Subpart A); in relation to tax sales; and providing for the expiration of certain provisions upon the expiration thereof (Subpart B); to establish hardship declarations for owners of residential real property; and providing for the expiration of such provisions upon the expiration thereof (Subpart C); and to authorize every governing body of an assessing unit and local assessor to extend to the 2021 assessment roll, the renewal of the expiration of such provisions upon the expiration thereof (Subpart D) (Part B)

PURPOSE:

To prevent, absent special circumstances, until May 1, 2021, evictions and proceedings seeking eviction against residential tenants experiencing financial or health-related hardships, to prevent foreclosure against homeowners and certain small landlords with financial hardships until May 1, 2021, to stay certain tax lien sales and tax foreclosure proceedings until such date, to limit reporting and certain actions based on certain delinquent payment information and to prevent discrimination against certain borrowers; and to extend the Senior Citizens' Homeowner Exemption (SCHE) and Disabled Homeowner Exemption (DHE) without requiring recertification.

SUMMARY OF PROVISIONS:

Part A: Eviction Protections

* Stays (freezes) residential eviction proceedings and bars new filings for sixty days, for implementation purposes.

* Allows residential tenants unable to pay their rent or secure alternative housing and suffering a financial hardship, or suffering a healthrelated hardship, to file, at any time, a hardship declaration, under penalty of law, with the landlord, court or enforcement officer that will prevent the filing, proceedings on and execution of any warrant of eviction until May 1, 2021.

* Allows certain proceedings to continue if the court, in response to an authorized new petition, finds that the tenant is persistently and unreasonably engaging in behavior that substantially infringes on the use and enjoyment of other tenants or occupants or causes a substantial safety hazard to others. * Requires service on tenants together with rent demands and with any notice of petition a notice on rights and related information and the form hardship declaration and requires the court to notify tenants of such rights and provide such information.

* Requires the state Office of Court Administration post such information and forms on its website in multiple languages.

* Eases the reopening of default judgments in such proceedings, including providing for vacatur of default judgments on oral or written request.

* Creates a presumption of financial hardship arising on the filing of a hardship declaration that would support a defense based on financial hardship under the Tenant Safe Harbor Act, any appropriate executive order and any relevant statute, local law or administrative rule or procedure.

Part B

Subpart A: Foreclosure Protections

* Stays residential foreclosure proceedings for sixty days for implementation purposes.

* Allows borrowers who own ten or fewer residential dwellings, including their primary residence, and are experiencing financial hardship to file a hardship declaration with the mortgage lender, other foreclosing party or the court that will prevent the filing and proceedings on a foreclosure action until May 1, 2021. Subpart B: Tax Lien Sale Protections

* Prevents local governments from engaging in any tax lien sale or tax foreclosure until May 1, 2021, for such property of a residential property owner who owns ten or fewer units, including their primary residence, who is experiencing a financial hardship and files such a hardship declaration.

Subpart C: Credit Discrimination and Negative Credit Reporting

* Prohibits lending institutions from discriminating in the determination of whether credit should be extended to any owner of residential real property (ten or fewer units) because the owner has been granted a stay of mortgage foreclosure proceedings or tax foreclosure proceedings or tax lien sales, or the owner is currently in arrears and has filed a hardship declaration with the lender.

* Prohibits negative reporting to any credit reporting agency based on a stay on the filing or proceedings on any mortgage foreclosure proceeding, tax foreclosure proceeding and tax lien sale, or mortgage arears during the COVID-19 period with respect to an owner who has filed such a hardship declaration with the lender.

Subpart D: Senior Citizens' Homeowner Exemption (SCHE) and Disabled Homeowner Exemption (DHE)

* Requires local governments to carry-over SCHE and DHE exemptions from the 2020 assessment roll to the 2021 assessment roll at the same levels.

* Requires localities to provide renewal applications, via electronic or postal mail, for those individuals who may be eligible for a larger exemption in 2021.

* Allows localities to specify procedures by which local assessors may require renewal applications by recipients believed to no longer qualify for the exemption in 2021.

* Bars any requirement that a recipient be required to personally appear to file a renewal, if a renewal is required.

EXISTING LAW:

The Tenant Safe Harbor Act (A. 10290-B, L. 2020, chapter 127) limits eviction and eviction proceedings during the Covid-19 period as described in that law. It differs from this bill in that under TSHA eviction proceedings may be commenced and continued and the tenant may raise a defense of financial hardship. The provisions of Part B, Subparts A and B modify existing law by requiring a stay of certain proceedings in the specified circumstances until May 1, 2021.

JUSTIFICATION:

The state of emergency declared at the outset of the COVID-19 pandemic continues in New York. Measures necessary to contain the spread of COVID-19 have brought about widespread economic and societal disruption, placing New York and the nation in unprecedented circumstances.

COVID-19 presents a historic threat to public health. Hundreds of thousands of residents are facing eviction or foreclosure due to necessary disease control measures that closed businesses and schools, and triggered mass-unemployment across the state. The pandemic has further interrupted court operations, the availability of counsel, the ability for parties to pay for counsel, and the ability to safely commute and enter a courtroom, settlement conference and the like.

Stabilizing the housing situation for tenants, landlords, and homeowners will benefit all New Yorkers and will help the state address the pandemic, protect public health, and set the stage for recovery. The intent of this legislation is to avoid evictions and foreclosure proceedings for persons experiencing financial hardship during the COVID-19 pandemic and to protect persons who cannot move due to an increased risk of severe illness or death. The 2021 legislative session will begin shortly, and will be taking up many COVID-19 related bills. The legislature intends to revisit this issue.

LEGISLATIVE HISTORY:

New bill.

FISCAL IMPLICATIONS:

Small additional costs for agencies for translating and posting certain forms and information.

LOCAL FISCAL IMPLICATIONS:

No direct expenditures required.

EFFECTIVE DATE:

The bill would take effect immediately.